## **Model Curriculum**

# **Radiology Technician**

< Radiology Technician >

SECTOR: Healthcare SUB-SECTOR: Allied Health & Paramedics OCCUPATION: Radiology Technician REFERENCE ID: HSS/Q0201, version 1.0 NSQF LEVEL: 4





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## **Radiology Technician**

## **CURRICULUM / SYLLABUS**

This program is aimed at training candidates for the job of a "<u>Radiology Technician</u>", in the "<u>Healthcare</u>" Sector/Industry and aims at building the following key competencies amongst the learner

Program Name	< Radiology Technician >					
Qualification Pack Name & Reference ID.	HSS/Q 0201, version 1.0					
Version No.	1.0         Version Update Date         11-06-2016					
Pre-requisites to Training	Class XII in Science Or Level 3 X Ray Technician wit	h experience of minimum 3 Year	S			
Training Outcomes	<ul> <li>Demonstrate perform and MRI scans under</li> <li>Demonstrate prepari</li> <li>Demonstrate to under</li> <li>Demonstrate to prep</li> <li>Demonstrate radiolog</li> <li>Demonstrate knowle</li> <li>Demonstrate to assess</li> <li>Demonstrate polite professional etiquette</li> <li>Demonstrate skills to</li> <li>Demonstrate skills to</li> </ul>	dge about dark room techniques s faults in Radiographs and re and strategic communicat es and leadership qualities. Radiography techniques & po manage patient, department equipment should comply with Atom	ninations such as X ray , CT ans gical needs of the patient e procedure ues emedy (Machine know how) ion skills, grooming skills, ositioning in radiological field			

This course encompasses <u>14</u> out of <u>14</u> National Occupational Standards (NOS) of "<u>Radiology Technician</u>" Qualification Pack issued by "<u>SSC: Healthcare Sector Skill Council</u>".

Sr. No.	Module	Theory Duration	Practical Duration	Key Learning Outcomes	Corresponding NOS Code	Equipment Required
		(hh:mm)	(hh:mm)			
1	Introduction to Healthcare System	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>Basic understanding of Healthcare Service Providers (primary, secondary &amp; tertiary)</li> <li>Basic understanding of hospital functions</li> <li>Basic understanding of Radiology Technician</li> </ul>	Introduction	Visit to Healthcare Facility





Department at different level (National / State / District)     Charts,       2     • Basic understanding of anatomic definitions, cells and tiannan feature     Diagrams,	2       Department at different level (National/State/District)         2       • Basic understanding of anatomic definitions, cells and tissues of human body.       Charts, Diagrams, models, e- module         2       • Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       Charts, Diagrams, models, e- module         1       • Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       • Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       • To know about anatomical positions & planes         • To know about the Skeleton- Bone-Composition Physical Properties Function Classification Parts blood and Nerve Supply Ossification and Development of Bones, classification of bones according to shape, Developmental classification, Regional classification, Regional classification & growth of skeleton       HSS/ N 0201			Understanding of Radiology	
2       Introduction To Human Body; Structure & Function       15:00       15	2       (National / State / District)       Charts,         2       Basic understanding of antitions, cells and tissues of human body.       Charts, Diagrams, models, e-module         8       Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body.       Charts, Diagrams, models, e-module         1       Introduction To Human Body.       Basic understanding of cashing of cashing optimes, human body.       To know about terminology for Limbs, Movement and Bony Feature       To know about terminology for Limbs, Movement and Bony Feature         1       15:00       15:00       15:00       Is:00       HSS/N 0201         15:00       15:00       15:00       Properties Function Classification of bones, according to shape, Development of Bones, according to shape, Developmental classification, Regional classification, Regional classification & growth of skeleton-bones according to shape, Developmental classification, Regional classification, Regional classification ad growth of skeleton       HSS/N 0201         0       To learn about the Skull – Function, Bones, Nasal Cavity, Vertebral Column       To learn about the Circulatory			0	
2       • Basic understanding of anatomic definitions, cells and tissues of human body.       • Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions.       • Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions.       • Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions.       • Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions.       • Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions.       • Basic understanding of various membrane transport mechanisms in human body.       • To know about anatomical positions & planes       • To know about the Skeleton-Bone-Composition Physical Properties Function Classification Parts blood and Nerve Supply Ossification and Development of Bones, classification of bones, classification, Regional classification, Regional classification, structural classification       HSS/ N 0201	2       Basic understanding of anatomic definitions, cells and tissues of human body.       Charts, Diagrams, models, e-models,				
<ul> <li>classification cartilage Composition Types</li> <li>To learn about the Skull – Function, Bones, Nasal Cavity, Vertebral Column</li> <li>To learn about the Circulatory</li> </ul>		Introduction To Human Body; Structu	15:00	Department at different level (National / State / District)  Basic understanding of anatomic definitions, cells and tissues of human body. Basic understanding of all the body systems and its functions. Basic understanding of different fluid compartments in human body. Basic understanding of various membrane transport mechanisms in human body. To know about anatomical positions & planes To learn about terminology for Limbs, Movement and Bony Feature To know about the Skeleton- Bone-Composition Physical Properties Function Classification Parts blood and Nerve Supply Ossification and Development of Bones, Anatomy as a whole, Skeleton- bones & joints, formation of bones, structure of bones, classification of bones according to shape, Developmental classification, structural classification, structural classification To learn about joints classification Types To learn about the Skull – Function, Bones, Nasal Cavity, Vertebral Column To learn about the Circulatory	Diagrams, models, e-





		Physiology	
	•	To learn about the Digestive	
		System Anatomy Pancreas	
		Liver Physiology	
	•	To learn about the Excretory	
		System Kidneys Ureters Urinary	
		Bladder urethra Formation and	
		Excretion of Urine	
	•	To learn about the	
		reproductive System : Male	
		Reproductive System & Female	
		Reproductive System	
	•	To learn about the Endocrine	
		System Endocrine Glands	
		Pituitary , Thyroid gland	
		Pancreas	
	•	To learn about the Nervous	
		System Neurons and their	
		Function	
	•	To learn about Brain Spinal	
		Cord Sensory and Motor	
		System Cranial Nerves	
	•	To learn about Sensory System	
		–Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose and	
		Tongue	
	•	To learn about basic	
		understanding of congenital	
		malformations, Centre of	
		ossification, type of bone, type	
		of joints. Gross structure of	
		human long bone, parts of	
		young bone. Medico-legal &	
		anthropological aspects of	
		skeletal system, Estimation of	
		age, sex, stature (height) and	
		race. Classification &	
		characters of joints, structural,	
		functional & regional. Applied	
		anatomy of joints, dislocation	
		of joints. embryology, cell	
		division, fertilization,	
		development of embryo,	
		gamete formation, menstrual	
		cycle, formation of germ layers,	
		development of embryonic	
		disc, Placenta, formation of	
		tissues, organs &systems of	
		human body	





3	Introduction to Medical Terminology & related equipment's	10:00	05:00	<ul> <li>To know about commonly used medical terms in radiological field</li> <li>To develop understanding of medical abbreviations.</li> <li>To develop understanding of commonly used medical equipment &amp; terms in radiological department.</li> </ul>	HSS/ N 0201, HSS/ N 0202, HSS/ N 0203, HSS/ N 0204, HSS/ N 0205	Reference's use to learn medical terminologies, use of internet to learn medical terms
4	Orientation to Radiology Department	10:00	10:00	<ul> <li>Orientation to Radiology Department</li> <li>Orientation to Radio diagnosis Department</li> <li>Orientation to Radiotherapy Department</li> </ul>	Introduction	E-module Visit to Radiology Department
5	Radiation Hazards and Protection	20:00	10:00	<ul> <li>Introduction to Radiation Hazards</li> <li>Introduction to various radiation units – Roentgen, rad, rem, etc, Dosimetry, various radiation measuring instruments, ICRP recommendations, measurement of X-ray and other radiation, rules of AERB, effects of radiation, radiation hazards, film badge</li> <li>To develop understanding for biological effect of radiation</li> <li>Orientation to Radiation Protection</li> <li>To develop understanding for principles and Methods of Radiation</li> <li>To know about AERB related guidelines</li> </ul>	HSS/ N 9608	Patient safety tools such as wheel chairs, trolleys, side rails, PPE
6	Safety & First Aid	20:00	20:00	<ul> <li>To develop understanding and precautions to ensure patient's safety</li> <li>To develop basic understanding and precautions to ensure sample/screen preservation while transporting</li> <li>Describe common emergency conditions and what to do in medical emergencies</li> <li>Describe basics of first aid</li> </ul>	HSS/N 9606, HSS/N 9603	Patient safety tools such as wheel chairs, trolleys, side rails, PPE, First Aid kit, betadine, cotton, bandages, sanitizers, disinfectants





				<ul> <li>To develop understanding and precautions to ensure self-safety</li> <li>To learn about disaster management and techniques to deal with it</li> </ul>	etc.
7	Personnel Hygiene	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>To develop understanding of the concept of healthy living</li> <li>To develop understanding &amp; procedures of hand hygiene</li> <li>To develop techniques of grooming</li> <li>To be equipped with techniques of use of PPE &amp; radiation safety (lead apron, TLD badges etc)</li> <li>To ensure vaccination against common Infectious Diseases.</li> </ul>	Self learning and understandin g Mannequin, chart and poster demonstratio n, heart impressions for easy learning and understandin g
8	Bio Medical Waste Management	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>To gain understanding of importance of proper and safe disposal of bio-medical waste &amp; treatment</li> <li>To gain understanding of categories of bio-medical waste</li> <li>To learn about disposal of bio-medical waste</li> <li>To learn about disposal of bio-medical waste – color coding, types of containers, transportation of waste, etc.</li> <li>To gain broad understanding of standards for bio-medical waste disposal</li> <li>To gain broad understanding of means of bio-medical waste treatment</li> <li>To understand the role of an infection control team</li> </ul>	Different coded color bins, different variety of bio medical waste management, Visit to treatment plan of bio medical waste etc.
9	Patients Right & Environment	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>Describe necessary steps taken to ensure safety and comfort to the patient during the procedure</li> <li>Describe importance and</li> </ul>	internet use to learn patient rights





				<ul> <li>methodology of cleanliness, and hygiene environment in collection space</li> <li>Understand sensitivities involved in patient's right and responsibilities</li> <li>Learn Radiology Technician's role in maintaining patient's rights</li> </ul>		
10	Soft Skills & Communicatio n	05:00	05:00	in Medical service HSS/	ล์ เ	Self-learning and understandin g





	1					1
				to act efficiently		
				<ul> <li>Learn planning and</li> </ul>		
				organization of work		
				<ul> <li>Learn identification of rapidly</li> </ul>		
				changing situations and adapt		
				accordingly		
				Learn decision making ability		
11				• To understand the radiological		CT Control
				diagnostic needs for patients		panel, CT
				To develop understanding		Scan unit/CT
				about basic concepts of power,		-
				work, force, energy, electricity,		Scan
				magnetism and their units and		equipment,
				measurements- Einstein's		Contrast
				formula – electromagnetic		Medium, MRI
				induction – Atomic structure –		Unit,
				radioactivity- ionization and		Mammograph
				excitation - electromagnetic		y Unit,
				waves		Ultrasound
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding on</li> </ul>		Equipment,
				Basics: Matter, Energy and		Intensfying
				different types of energy		Screen, Xray
				To develop understanding		Films,
				about Atomic structure and		Darkroom, X
				fundamentals		ray cassette,
	Radiation			To develop understanding		Intensfying
	Physics &			about Radioactivity		screen, Image
	Physics of	20:00	30:00	1 0	HSS/ N 0201	Intensifier/
	Diagnostic			about X-Rays Basics: Hands and		Scanners,
	Radiology			soft X-Rays, Production and		,
				properties, Continuous and		Xray Tube,
				characteristic X-Rays, Quality of		Mannequins,
				X-Rays, Heel effect, Thematic		Charts/videos
				omission		/elearning
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>		modules,
				regarding measurement of		examination
				lionizing radiation: Exposure,		table,
				Roentgen		Radiation
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>		safety aprons,
				about X-Ray Technology: X-Ray		
				tubes ,Different parts of an X-		TLD badges,
				Ray tube, Stationary anode		Lead aprons,
				tube, Rotating anode tube,		Full Body
				Beam Restrictors, Aperture		Mannequin –
				diagrams, Collimators, Cones		Basic, CPR
				and cylinders, Grids and		Mannequin,
				Different Types of Grid		Airway
				To develop understanding		······································





			about Effects of X-Ray	Mannequin,
		•	To develop understanding	Ambu Bag
			about Fluorescence	with Mask
		•	To develop understanding	(Adult), AED
			about Phosphorescence	Trainer with
		•	To develop understanding	Adult Pad,
			about Luminescence	,
		•	X-Ray Films: Screens,	
			Intensifying screens,	Veno IV Arm,
			Construction Fluorescents	Liquid Soap
			screen, Geometric factions	Bottle, Mask
			influencing images,	– packet,
			Magnification and distortion	Shoe Cover –
		•	To develop understanding	packet, Hair
			about the Structure of Matter	Cap – packet
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Electrostatics Current	
			Potential and potential	
			Difference EMF Resistance,	
			Ohm's Law Conductors,	
			Insulators & Semi-Conductors	
			Electrical power Electrical	
			Energy Electric Capacitor	
			(Condenser) Capacitance	
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Magnetism Properties of	
			Magnet Magnetic Premeability and Retentivity magnetic Flux	
			Types of Magnetic Material	
			Electromagnetism Electro	
			Magnetic Induction	
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Electric Generator	
			Construction and working DC	
			Generator	
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Transformer Types	
			Principle Construction Auto	
			Transformer Power Losses	
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Rectification Methods of	
			Rectification Self Rectification	
			Valve – Tube rectification	
		•	To develop understanding	
			about Rays Absorbed dose	
			inverse square Law Scattered	
			Radiation Methods to Reduce	





				Scattered radiation		
12	Dark Room Techniques	20:00	30:00	<ul> <li>To understand about Location</li> <li>To understand about Layout,</li> <li>To understand about related Accessories &amp; apparatus required</li> <li>To understand about related Accessories &amp; apparatus required</li> <li>To understand about Techniques (film protection, film construction</li> <li>To learn about the photographic process: Introduction, visible light, images produced by radiation, light sensitive photographic materials</li> <li>To learn about the Image characteristic: Real and mental images, reflected, transmitted and emitted light images Photographic latent image. Positive process</li> <li>To learn about the construction of x-ray film &amp; its cross over effect.</li> <li>To learn about the storage of film materials and radiograph;</li> <li>To learn about the Intensifying screens and cassettes. Luminescence: fluorescence and phosphorescence.</li> <li>To learn about the Fluorescent materials. Types of intensifying</li> </ul>	HSS/ N 0204	Intensfying Screen, Xray Films, Darkroom, X ray cassette, Intensfying screen, Image Intensifier/ Scanners, Xray Tube, Mannequins, Charts/videos /eLearning modules, examination table, Radiation safety aprons, TLD badges, Lead aprons
				<ul><li>Construction of an intensifying screen.</li><li>To learn about the Fluorescent</li></ul>		





				<ul> <li>To know about constitution of developing solutions both in manual and automatic processing and properties of developing chemicals.</li> <li>To learn about film processing: Fixing and role of a fixing solution. Constitution of the fixing solutions and properties of the constituents. Factors affecting the quality of fixer.</li> <li>To understand about Development procedure, laser &amp; bright procedure.</li> <li>To learn about the processing equipment: Materials for processing equipment: Materials for processors for Manual operation, hangers, control of chemicals temperature by heating and thermostat, immersion heaters as well as cooling methods.</li> <li>To learn about the type of entry, door design.</li> <li>To learn about the dark room illuminations - white light and safe lighting</li> </ul>	
13	X-Ray Films	15:00	25:00	<ul> <li>To develop understanding about construction of X-Ray Films and Characterstics Curve Density and Contrast Film Unsharpness Film, Fog Types Of Films Packaging and Storage of Films X-ray Cassettes</li> <li>To develop understanding about Intensifying Screens Construction Phosphorus screen Speed Handling and usage Flourescent Screens</li> <li>To develop understanding about Processing of X-Ray Films Manual Processing Developer and Developing solution fixer and Fixing Solution Replenishment Rapid Fixer</li> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>	< , ,





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14	Faults in Radiographs and Remedy (Machine know how)	15:00	25:00	<ul> <li>about Silver recovery</li> <li>To learn about machine parts</li> <li>To learn about related accessories to machine</li> <li>To learn about machine guide given by the manufacturer</li> <li>To be able to find faults in the radiographs</li> <li>To learn for referring cases and screens of utmost priority with related professionals</li> <li>To understand faults in radiographs and remedy</li> <li>To understand to operate and oversee operation of radiologic equipment</li> <li>HSS/ N 0203</li> </ul>	CT Control panel, CT Scan unit/CT Scan equipment, Contrast Medium, MRI Unit, Mammograph y Unit, Ultrasound Equipment, Intensying Screen, Xray Films, Darkroom, X ray cassette, Intensying screen, Image Intensifier/ Scanners, Xray Tube, Mannequins, Charts/videos /elearning modules, examination table, Radiation safety aprons, TLD badges, Lead aprons
15	Regional Radiography and Contrast Media	25:00	30:00	<ul> <li>To gain understanding regarding position terminology &amp; projection terminology</li> <li>To understand about Radiography of Chest, KUB region, Biliary Tract</li> <li>To develop understanding about Skull Projections, Various Planes Projection, Terminology Sella- Turcica Optic Foramina Mastoids Petrous bone Paranasal Sinuses Facial Bones</li> </ul>	CT Control panel, CT Scan unit/CT Scan equipment, Contrast Medium, MRI Unit, Mammograph y Unit, Ultrasound





					orbits nasal bone Mandible		Equipment,
				•	To develop understanding		Intensying
				Ē	about Radiography of upper		
					limb hand Scaphold Carpal		Screen, Xray
					tunnel Wrist fore- arm		Films,
					Shoulder Coracoid process		Darkroom,
					Sternoclavicular joint		contrast
				•	To develop understanding		medium
				-	about Radiography of lower		
					limb foot Calcanium Subtalar		
					and ankle Joint Leg Knee Joint		
					Patella thigh Hip Joint Pelvis		
				•	To develop understanding		
					about Radiograph of Cervical		
					Spine		
				•	To develop understanding		
					about Radiography of Dorsal		
					spine		
				•	To develop understanding		
					about Radiography of Lumbar,		
					Lumbo Sacral Spine and Coccyx		
				•	To develop understanding		
					about Contrast Media		
					Intravascular media Adverse		
					Reactions, precautions and		
					treatments Various Contrast		
					Media Contrast Media in Ct,		
					MRI and Ultrasound		
16				•	To learn and understand to		CT Control
					prepare the patient and the		panel, CT
					room for the procedure		Scan unit/CT
				•	To develop understanding		Scan
					regarding Ultrasound Scanning		equipment,
					principal Display of images,		Contrast
					modes Doppler ultrasound		Medium, MRI
	Recent				duplex ultrasound	HSS/ N 0201,	Unit,
	Imaging and				Endosonography	HSS/ N 0202,	Mammograph
	special	30:00	30:00	•	To develop understanding	HSS/ N 0203,	y Unit,
	Diagnostic				about Mammography,	HSS/ N 0204	Ultrasound
	Procedure				Equipment, Positioning and		
					projections		Equipment,
				•	To develop understanding		Intensying
					about Xero- radiography		Screen, Xray
				•	To develop understanding		Films,
					about Scintigraphy, Radio		Darkroom, X
				_	Nucleides, Equipment		ray cassette,
				•	To develop understanding		





about Alimentary Tract	Intensying
<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>	screen, Image
about (Oesophagus ) Barium	Intensifier/
Swallow	Scanners,
To develop understanding	Xray Tube,
about (Stomach & Duodenum )	•
Barium Meal Upper GI Study	Mannequins,
To develop understanding	Charts/videos
about (Small Intestine) Barium	/learning
Meal Follow through	modules,
To develop understanding	examination
about (Large Bowel) Barium	table,
Enema	Radiation
To develop understanding	safety aprons,
about Sialography	TLD badges,
To develop understanding	Lead aprons,
about Nasopharyngography	Full Body
To develop understanding	Mannequin
about Tomography	mannequin
To develop understanding	
about Laryngography	
To develop understanding	
about Bronchography	
To develop understanding	
about (Biliary Tract) Oral	
Cholecystography	
To develop understanding	
about Percutaneous	
Transhepatic Cholangiography	
To develop understanding	
about Per Operative	
Cholangiography	
To develop understanding	
about Urinary Tract	
intravenous urography	
Retrograde Pyelography	
Antegrade Pyelography	
Cystography Retrograde	
urethrography	
• To develop understanding	
about Arthrography	
• To develop understanding	
about Myelography	
To develop understanding	
about Dacrocystography and	
orbital Venography	
To develop understanding	





17				<ul> <li>about Angiography Arteriography Carotid Arteriography Femoral Arteriography Phlebography (Venography)</li> <li>To learn to contact vendors and suppliers for maintenance and repair of radiological equipment</li> <li>To learn about its Principles</li> </ul>	CT Control
	Modern Imaging & Recent Advances	30:00	40:00	<ul> <li>To know about related Equipment</li> <li>To learn regarding examination procedure</li> <li>To know about patient preparation and position</li> <li>To know about recent advances in imaging technology-: Detailed knowledge of ultrasound, colour Doppler, different types of transducers, their principles, applications &amp; role in medicine &amp; cross sectional anatomy.</li> <li>To know about CT scan, conventional, spiral (helical), Multislice-: Historical development, its principle and applications, various generations&amp; definition of terms and cross sectional anatomy&amp; use of diagnostic methods.</li> <li>To know about Magnetic Resonance Imaging (MRI)-: Principle, application, its advantage over computed tomography or ultra sonography. Its limitations, uses &amp; cross sectional anatomy.</li> <li>To know about Spectroscopy-: Principle, application and uses.</li> <li>To know about Computerised Radiography-: Principle, application, advantage &amp; technique.</li> </ul>	panel, CT Scan unit/CT Scan equipment, Contrast Medium, Intensfying Screen, Mannequins, Charts/videos /eLearning modules, MRI Unit, Intensying screen





				<ul> <li>To know about Digital Radiography-: Principle, scanned projection radiography, digital substraction angiography application, definition, advantages &amp; techniques.</li> <li>To know about DSA-: Uses, application, techniques &amp; principle</li> <li>To know about Picture Archiving Communication System (PACS)-: Basic knowledge of PACS, application, principle &amp; image transmission.</li> <li>To know about Mammography- : Principle, application, advantage in soft tissue radiography, physics, filtration, QA &amp; QC.</li> </ul>	
18	Post processing techniques	25:00	25:00	<ul> <li>The equipment for processing X-ray images: <ul> <li>a. X-ray Films and X-ray cassettes</li> <li>b. Intensifying screens</li> <li>c. X-ray films types structure &amp; quality – choosing films for different studies</li> <li>d. Dry &amp; wet processing</li> <li>e. film processing methods - manual and automatic processing of conventional &amp; modern images</li> <li>f. types &amp; maintenance of processing rooms and image processing equipment</li> <li>g. systems advantages &amp; disadvantages of day light systems</li> <li>h. Typical processing faults</li> <li>i. Production of best quality images in glossy prints and paper prints etc.</li> <li>j. Uses of intensifying screen, fluorescence and structure of intensifying screens</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Charts/videos / eLearning modules





				• To develop understanding		
				about functions and		
				fundamentals of a Dark Room		
				a. Setting up the processing		
				area		
				b. Dark room design,		
				construction, illumination,		
				entrance safe lighting - types		
				c. Storage, shelving of films		
				d. Cleaning and maintenance		
				Explain and implement the		
				fundamentals, concepts and		
				applications of processing of		
				images in digital form using		
				computer based systems		
				To develop understanding		
				about Software post		
				processing:		
				- Digital image processing		
				techniques in CR & DR		
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>		
				about How to read and		
				interpret an X-Ray		
				• To know to process		
				radiographic images		
19				• To know regarding		Mannequins,
				anatomical terminology		Charts
				<ul> <li>To know regarding</li> </ul>		
				0 0		describing
				Positioning terminology		various
				To know regarding		radiographic
				Projection terminology		positions,
				• To know regarding Exposure		Charts/videos
				factors : Millie ampere, Kilovolt		/eLearning
				age		_
	Radiography			<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>		modules,
	techniques &	25:00	25:00	about positioning of the upper	HSS/ N 0202	examination
	Positioning	23.00	23.00	limb, Basic alternative and	H33/ N 0202	table,
	Positioning			additional projections for		Radiation
				Hand. , Fingers, Thumb,		safety aprons,
				Scaphoid, Carpal bones, Carpal		TLD badges,
				tunnel, Wrist, Fore arm, Elbow		Lead aprons
				joint, Homeruns, The Shoulder,		
				Acromio – clavicular joints,		
				Clavicle, Sterna – clavicular		
1	1		1	joint, Scapula, Bones of the		
				thorax, Ribs, Sternum, The Lower Limb, Foot, Toes,		





Cleaners, Ankle joint, Leg, Knee
joint, Femur, Hip joint, Pelvis
and sacro-iliac joint, Hip joint
and upper third of femur,
Pelvis, Sacro – iliac joint, The
Vertebral column, Cervical
Vertebra, Thoracic Vertebra,
Lumbar Vertebra, Skull,
Mastoid, Paranasal, Facial bone
- Maxillae, Mandible,
Dental radiography,
Lungs/heart and aorta, The
abdomen and pelvic cavity,
Mammography (only for
female candidates)
To learn about Chest & Thorax
Bones:-Chest-PA, lordotic
view(Apicogarm), oblique
lateral, thoracic inlet view,
decubitus view
To learn about Abdomen:-
general preparation of patient,
positioning for fluid and air
levels, plain film exam,
techniques and applications
• To learn about Upper limb:-
fingers, hands, carpal-tunnel
view, wrist-projections,
Projections for scaphoid,
forearm, elbow, humerus,
shoulder joints, acromio-
clavicular joint, sterno-
clavicular joint, clavicle &
scapula.
• To learn about Lower limb:-
toes, feet, calcaneum, ankle
joint, leg bones, different views
of knee patella, inter condyler
notch, and femur
To learn about Vertebral
Column:-Atlanto occipital joint,
odontoid, cervical spine,
cervico-thoracic spin, dorsal
spine, thoraco lumbar spine,
lumbosacral spine, sacrum,
coccyx, scoliosis, kyphosis,
flexion extension, and both





				<ul> <li>oblique views of spines.</li> <li>To learn about Hips &amp; Pelvis:- Pelvis with both hip joints in different positions, internal and external rotation, frog position, SI Joint.</li> <li>To learn about Ward mobile radiography:-electrical supply, radiation protection, instruction to be followed for portable radiography.</li> <li>To learn about Operation Theatre technique:-General precautions. Asepsis in techniques. Selection of exposure risks, radiation protection.</li> <li>To learn about others related:- Dental radiography, macro &amp; micro radiography, Cine radiography, localization of foreign body, battery operated units (conducer), mass miniature radiography, other emergency radiography</li> </ul>	
20	Machines & Accessories	25:00	25:00	<ul> <li>To learn to ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies</li> <li>To develop understanding about type of X-ray systems</li> <li>To develop understanding about Functionality and advantages and disadvantages</li> <li>To develop understanding about Digital and Analog computerized X-Ray</li> <li>To develop understanding about Selecting and performing basic views (projections) and conventional contrast</li> <li>To develop understanding about Studies using appropriate radiographic parameters and equipment</li> <li>To gain understanding for ensuring availability of medical and diagnostic supplies</li> </ul>	Xray Films, Darkroom, X ray cassette, Intensfying screen, Image Intensifier/ Scanners, Xray Tube, Mannequins, Charts/videos /eLearning modules, examination table, Radiation safety aprons, TLD badges, Lead aprons





				<ul> <li>To develop understanding about Carrying out routine procedures for : troubleshooting &amp; maintenance</li> <li>To develop understanding about Breakdown -&amp; how to report a breakdown of imaging and processing systems</li> <li>To develop understanding about Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and act on results</li> <li>To develop understanding about Quality control - calibration in digital systems</li> <li>To develop understanding about Special radiographic equipment</li> <li>To develop understanding about Mobile unit</li> <li>To develop understanding about Classical Fluoroscopy units</li> <li>To develop understanding about Classical Fluoroscopy units</li> </ul>
21	Radiation Safety	20:00	30:00	<ul> <li>To understand about radiation safety guidelines</li> <li>To develop understanding about Code of proactive for the protection of persons against joining radiation, protective materials, lead, lead equivalent, building materials</li> <li>To develop understanding about Radiation protection devices and personal monitoring devices</li> <li>To develop understanding about Late and immediate effects of radiation</li> <li>To develop understanding about Late and immediate effects of radiation</li> <li>To develop understanding about Maximum permissible doe (MPD)</li> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>





				about Occupational exposure	
				To develop understanding	
				about Occasional exposure	
				To develop understanding	
				about Methods of protection	
				against radiation	
				-	
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding about Recommended</li> </ul>	
				diagnostic installation	
				To develop understanding	
				about Proper protective device	
				To develop understanding	
				about The equipment is	
				satisfactory	
				To develop understanding	
				about The work practices are	
				satisfactory	
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>	
				about Radiation protection in	
				fluoroscopic procedure	
				<ul> <li>To develop understanding</li> </ul>	
				about Advancements in low	
				dose in medical science	
22				<ul> <li>Determine the radiological</li> </ul>	Mock
				diagnostic tests required for	Environment
				the patient based on the	showcasing
				physician's prescription and	department,
				the medical history	Mannequin, E
				To develop understanding     HSS/ N	Modules &
				about Procedure to patients - 0201, HSS/	
				Explaining Do's and Don'ts to N 0205,	Modules
				the patient HSS/ N	wouldes
				• To develop understanding 0202, HSS/	
	Patient Care,			about Documentation of N 0206,	
	handling &	10:00	10:00	patient records: HSS/ N	
	Department	10.00	10.00	1) Taking the advice of a 9610, HSS/	
	Management			radiologist on the scans N 9609,	
				performed HSS/ N	
				2) Documenting diagnosis and 9608, HSS/	
				comments of the radiologist in HSS/ N	
				a report for the patient 9602	
				3) To develop understanding	
				about Explanation of diagnosis	
				and report to patient , if	
				required	
				How to handle:	
				Children, Adult,	
L		ı	ı	· · · ·	





23				<ul> <li>Women, geriatric</li> <li>To develop understanding about Side effect and reaction of contrast media, classification of reactions of contrast media and treatment of contrast reactions</li> <li>To develop understanding about Hygiene and waste management on the x-ray department</li> <li>Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of Infection Control in the department</li> <li>To develop understanding about collection and containment level according to the waste type</li> <li>To develop understanding about Safety &amp; First Aid</li> <li>Steps to make the scan room safe</li> <li>Maintain a first aid kit</li> <li>To develop understanding about Drugs in the x-ray department</li> <li>To develop understanding about Maintain availability of medical and diagnostics supply by: inventory management</li> <li>To develop understanding about Preparation of the patient for special radiological procedure</li> <li>To develop understanding about periodic testing of the x-ray department</li> </ul>	HSS/ N	Internet use for learning and adopting best practices
	Quality Assurance in Radiology	10:00	10:00	<ul> <li>ray equipment</li> <li>To develop understanding about Evaluation of the test results</li> <li>To develop understanding for maintaining a log about the equipment being tested</li> <li>To understand the significance</li> </ul>	HSS/ N 0203,HSS/ N 0204, HSS/ N 9611	





Transforming the skill landscape

				<ul> <li>of quality, perception &amp; its dimension</li> <li>To understand the components of quality system</li> <li>Enumerate the stages &amp; elements quality system</li> <li>Understand the process of quality system</li> <li>Understand the significance of attending CME's for technician</li> <li>To develop a broad understanding regarding <ol> <li>Hospital Information System</li> <li>Quality Improvement Plan</li> <li>To understand difference between quality control and assurance</li> <li>To understand the factors which influences quality of care</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	
24	Act Within The Limits Of Competence And Authority	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>Understand the meaning of relations and types of relationship</li> <li>To understand effective working relationships with the people external to the team, with which the individual works on a regular basis</li> <li>To understand the effect of boundary violation in technician client relationships</li> <li>To understand the code of ethics for radiology technicians</li> </ul>	Internet use for learning and adopting best practices
25	Work Effectively With Others	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>Understand the importance of a team and team work</li> <li>To understand the types of team in health care organization</li> <li>To understand the elements and principles of team work and team based health care</li> <li>Understand how to manage the conflict in health care facility</li> </ul>	Internet use for learning and adopting best practices
26	Manage Work To Meet	05:00	05:00	• To develop broad understanding regarding Introductory	Internet use

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	Requirements			<ul> <li>management of work so as to meet professional expectations</li> <li>To understand the significance of keeping the hospital clean</li> <li>To understand the significance of maintaining confidentiality in work environment</li> <li>To understand how to manage stress</li> </ul>	for learning and adopting best practices
27	Consent, Documentation & Records	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>Understand guidelines for documentation</li> <li>Learn various types of records of importance for Radiology Technician</li> <li>Understand use and importance of records and consent</li> <li>Understand abbreviations and symbols</li> <li>Enter, transcribe, record, store, or maintain information in written or electronic/magnetic form</li> </ul>	Internet use for learning and adopting best practices
28	Basic Computer Knowledge	05:00	05:00	<ul> <li>To gain broad understanding about application of computers in laboratory Practice</li> <li>Give Introduction to Computers:         <ul> <li>Block diagram</li> <li>Input and Output devices</li> <li>Storage devices</li> <li>Introduction to operating systems</li> <li>Need of Operating systems (OS)</li> <li>Function of OS</li> <li>Windows 2000 – Utilities and basic operations</li> <li>Microsoft office 2000 – MS Word, MS Excel</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Computer/Int ernet
	Total Duration	<u>395:00</u>	<u>445:00</u>	Unique Equipment Required: computer room, CT Cont unit/CT Scan equipment, Contrast Medium, MRI Unit, M Ultrasound Equipment, Intensifying Screen, Xray Films, cassette, Intensifying screen, Image Intensifier/ Scar	ammography Unit, Darkroom, X ray





Total Duration for OJT		Mannequins, Charts/videos/eLearning modules, examination table, Radiation safety aprons, TLD badges, Lead aprons, Full Body Mannequin – Basic, CPR Mannequin, Airway Mannequin, Ambu Bag with Mask (Adult), AED Trainer with Adult Pad, Male Multi Veno IV Arm, Liquid Soap Bottle, Mask – packet, Shoe Cover – packet, Hair Cap – packet, Mackintosh, Sand Bag, Fire Extinguisher 5 KG ABC type, Weighing Machine, Duster, Paper (Ream of 500),
	<u>660:00</u>	Cleaning Solution (Colin), Desktop, Intel Core 13, with 2 GB Ram, 500 GB, Hard Disk with accessories with internet facility, T V Monitor 42 Inch LCD TV / LCD Projector, White Board, Extension Cord, Speakers 40 Watt set of two, Printer with Scan and copy function Wi fi with economical printing, dry view for dry procession, modern version of dark room , thyroid shield, fluoroscopy Class Room equipped with following arrangements: Interactive lectures & Discussion Brain Storming Charts & Models Activity Video presentation Visit to Primary Health Centre, Hospital set-up

Grand Total Course Duration: 1500:00 Hours (840 Hours for Class Room & Skill Lab Training + 660 Hours OJT/Internship/Clinical or Laboratory Training)

(This syllabus/ curriculum has been approved by <u>SSC: Healthcare Sector Skill Council)</u>





#### Annexure1: Assessment Criteria

Assessment Criteria for Cardiac Care technician

Job Role	Radiology Technician
Qualification Pack Code	HSS/Q 0201, version 1.0
Sector Skill Council	Healthcare Sector Skill Council

## **Guidelines for Assessment**

 Criteria for assessment for each Qualification Pack will be created by the Sector Skill Council. Each Performance Criteria (PC) will be assigned marks proportional to its importance in NOS. SSC will also lay down proportion of marks for Theory and Skills Practical for each PC
 The assessment for the theory part will be based on knowledge bank of questions created by the SSC
 Individual assessment agencies will create unique question papers for theory part for each candidate at each examination/training center (as per assessment criteria below)

4. Individual assessment agencies will create unique evaluations for skill practical for every student at each examination/training center based on this criteria

5. To pass the Qualification Pack, every trainee should score as per assessment grid. 6. In case of successfully passing only certain number of NOS's, the trainee is eligible to take subsequent assessment on the balance NOS's to pass the Qualification Pack

Skills Practical and Viva (80% weightage)			
	Marks Allotted		
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	400		
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	100		
Grand Total-(Skills Practical and Viva)	500		
Passing Marks (80% of Max. Marks)	400		
Theory (20% weightage)			
	Marks Allotted		
Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	80		
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Communication)	20		
Grand Total-(Theory)	100		
Passing Marks (50% of Max. Marks)	50		





Grand 1	Fotal-(Skills Practical and Viva + Theory)			600	
Overall Result		Criteria is to pass in both theory and practical individually. If fail in any one of them, then candidate is fail			
	Detailed Break Up of Marks		Skills P	ractical &	Viva
	Subject Domain		of 100 ma		from each NOS of 200 marks
Assessable		Total		Mar	ks Allocation
Outcomes	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable Outcomes	Marks (400)	Out Of	Viva	Skills Practical
1. HSS/ N 0201: Follow radiological diagnostic needs of patients	PC1. Explain the subdivisions of anatomy, terms of location and position, fundamental planes, vertebrate structure of man, organisation of the body cells and tissues		50	20	30
	PC2. Explain the pathology of various systems: cardiovascular system, respiratory system, central nervous system, musculoskeletal system, GIT, GUT and reproductive system		20	40	20
	PC3. Explain the pathology of radiation injury and malignancies		20	20	0
	PC4. Understand specific requests of physicians with respect to the scans required	200	20	10	10
	PC5. Take medical history of the patient and document it as required		30	15	15
	PC6. Understand and interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription		30	20	10
	PC7. Determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history		30	20	10
			200	145	95
2.HSS/ N 0202: Prepare the patient and the room for the procedure	PC1. Prepare the room, apparatus and instruments for an x-ray, CT scan or MRI scan		10	3	7
	PC2. Set up the X-ray machine, MRI machine or CT scan machine for the procedure	200	10	4	6
	PC3. Position the patient correctly for an x-ray in the following positions:		10	3	7





a. Erect	
b. Sitting	
c. Supine	
d. Prone	
e. Lateral	
f. Oblique	
g. Decubitus	
PC4. Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and	
patient and the relevant exposure	
factors related to these	
PC5. Explain the use of accessories such as	
Radiographic cones, grid and positioning aids	
PC6. Explain the anatomic and physiological basis	
of the procedure to be undertaken	
PC7. Explain the radiographic appearances of both	
normal and common abnormal conditions where	
elementary knowledge of the pathology involved	
would ensure application of the appropriate	
radiographic technique	
PC8. Position the patient correctly for a Computed	1
Tomography scan	
PC9. Position the patient correctly for an MRI scan	
PC10. Apply modifications in positioning technique	
for various disabilities and types of subject	
PC11. Explain the use of contrast materials for a CT	
scan and how to administer them under	
supervision of a radiologist	
PC12. Explain the use of MRI Contrast agents and	┥ ┣-
how to administer them under supervision of a	
radiologist	
PC13. Manage a patient with contrast reaction	┥ ┝
	┥ ┝
PC14. Explain the principles of radiation physics	
detection and measurement	
PC15. Explain the biological effects of radiation	┥ ┝-
	╡ ┣
PC16. Explain the principles of radiation	
protection:	
a. Maximum permissible exposure concept	
b. Annual dose equivalent limits (ADEL) ALARA	
concept	
c. International recommendations and current	
code of practice for the protection of persons	
against ionising radiation from medical and	
dental use	

10	5	5
10	6	4
10	5	5
10	5	5
15	5	10
15	7	8
10	3	7
10	7	3
10	6	4
10	5	5
10	6	4
10	7	3
10	6	4





	PC17. Explain the use of protective materials: a. Lead b. Lead – impregnated substances c. Building materials d. Concept of barriers e. Lead equivalents and variations f. Design of x-ray tubes related to protection. g. Structural shielding design (work-load, use factor, occupancy factor, distance		10	8	2
	PC18. Explain the instruments of radiation protection, use of gonad shield and practical methods for reducing radiation dose to the patient		10	6	4
	PC19. Ensure protection of self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area		10	6	4
			200	103	97
3. HSS/ N 0203: Operate and oversee operation of radiologic	PC1. Describe the construction and operation of general radiographic equipment		20	8	12
equipment	PC2. Describe the construction and operation of advanced imaging equipment including CT and MRI		20	15	5
	PC3. Reliably perform all non-contrast plain Radiography, conventional contrast studies and non-contrast plain radiography in special situations		10	2	8
	PC4. Apply quality control procedures for all radiologic equipment	200	20	15	5
	PC5. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality	200	20	10	10
	PC6. Practise the procedures employed in producing a radiographic image		10	0	10
	PC7. Describe methods of measuring exposure and doses of radiographic beams		20	15	5
	PC8. Help in administration of correct contrast dosage		20	5	15
	PC9. Discuss and apply radiation protection principles and codes of practice		20	15	5





	PC10. Demonstrate an understanding of processing of images in digital form and be familiar with recent advances in imaging		10	4	6
	PC11. Set up the X-ray machine, MRI machine or CT scan machine for the procedure		10	2	8
	PC12. Carry out routine procedures associated with maintenance of imaging and processing systems		10	2	8
	PC13. Ensure protection of patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area		10	5	5
			200	98	102
4.HSS/ N 0204: Process	PC1. Explain the principles of radiographic imaging		30	30	0
radiographic images	PC2. Apply knowledge of radiographic imaging to the production of radiographs and the assessment of image quality		30	10	20
	PC3. Understand the construction and operation of image processing equipment	200	20	10	10
	PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality		30	15	15
	PC5. Perform X-ray film / image processing techniques (including dark room techniques)		40	10	30
	PC6. Explain and implement the fundamentals, concepts and applications of processing of images in digital form using computer based systems		30	10	20
	PC7. Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and act on results		20	5	15
			200	90	110
5.HSS/ N 0205: Prepare and document reports.	PC1. Correctly identify anatomical features on the radiographs and identity some major pathological and traumatic conditions		70	30	40
	PC2. Seek the advice of the Radiologist on conditions identified	200	70	40	30
	PC3. Document the comments and diagnosis of the Radiologist in a report for the patient		60	40	20
			200	110	90
6.HSS/ N 0206: Recognise	PC1. Know the patient's medical history		40	10	30
contrast induced adverse reactions	PC2. Select proper agent to be used	200	30	10	20
	PC3. Promptly recognise and assess the reactions		25	5	20





	PC4. Ensure immediate availability of necessary equipment and drugs in case of reaction		30	10	20
	PC5. Know the correct medications and other treatment options		25	5	20
	PC6. Know the different types of adverse reactions		25	5	20
	PC7. Recognise the contraindications of allergic reactions		25	5	20
			200	50	150
7. HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines	PC1. Confirm sources of radiation and likely type of exposure for all individuals within the work area		20	15	5
	PC2. Apply appropriate assessment methodology suitable for source, type of exposure, dose, level of risk and the recipients' exposure time		30	20	10
	PC3. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are compliant with current and relevant legislation requirements		20	15	5
	PC4. Determine and assess the appropriateness of the projected radiation dose over a suitable period of time for an individual or key staff and other personnel		30	20	10
	PC5. Record the results of the assessment accurately and in correct format, referencing any monitoring measurements taken to accepted published values to indicate conformance within accepted safety guidance limits for the procedures undertaken within the work practice	200	20	10	10
	PC6. Communicate and provide information, advice and guidance effectively in the appropriate medium to meet the individuals needs and preferences		20	0	10
	PC7. Report actual and potential risks from radiation, in context, to other healthcare professionals and where appropriate seek assistance and advice		10	5	5
	PC8. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, policies and protocols		10	5	5
	PC9. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are current and compliant with relevant legislation		20	5	15





	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols		20	10	10
			200	105	85
8. HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies	PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements		5	0	5
and procedures)	PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection		5	0	5
	PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and instruments by aerosols and splatter		5	5	0
	PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility	200	20	10	10
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk		5	0	5
	PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks		10	0	10
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required		10	0	10
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate		20	10	10
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization		5	0	5
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination		5	0	5
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures		5	0	5
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures		5	0	5
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary		5	5	0
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use		5	0	5
	PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact		5	0	5
	PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work		20	10	10





to a PC19	<ol> <li>Confine records, materials and medicame well-designated clean zone</li> <li>Confine contaminated instruments pment to a well-designated contamina</li> </ol>	and					
cloth occu	<ol> <li>Wear appropriate personal protecting and equipment in accordance water pational health and safety policies edures when handling waste</li> </ol>	with			5	0	5
been	Separate waste at the point where it generated and dispose of into wa ainers that are colour coded and identified				5	0	5
	<ol> <li>Store clinical or related waste in an area scessible only to authorised persons</li> </ol>	that			5	5	0
dispo pote	B. Handle, package, label, store, transport ose of waste appropriately to minir ntial for contact with the waste and to red risk to the environment from accide use	nise luce			5	0	5
polic	b. Dispose of waste safely in accordance view and procedures of the organisation lative requirements				5	5	0
	<ul> <li>Wear personal protective clothing pment during cleaning procedures</li> </ul>	and			5	0	5
	<ol> <li>Remove all dust, dirt and physical de work surfaces</li> </ol>	bris			5	0	5
dete	7. Clean all work surfaces with a neu rgent and warm water solution before each session or when visibly soiled				5	0	5
processystem	B. Decontaminate equipment requiring speessing in accordance with quality managements to ensure full compliance with clean fection and sterilisation protocols	nent			5	0	5
PC29	). Dry all work surfaces before and after use	9			5	0	5
PC30	). Replace surface covers where applicable				5	0	5
PC31	Maintain and store cleaning equipment				5	5	0
				2	00	55	145
Grand	Total-1 (Subject Domain)					400	
Soft Skil	Soft Skills and Communication fi				as pe	r NOS of s	nly and pick one subject domain totalling 100
		Tot	tal	_		Marke	Allocation
Assessable Outcomes	Assessment Criteria for the Assessable Outcomes	Mar (10	rks	Out Of		Viva	Observation/ Role Play





Part 1 (Pick one field rand	lomly carrying 50 marks)				
1. Attitude					
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of one's competence and	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice		5	1	4
authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role	50	5	2	3
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority		10	5	5
	PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of practice		5	2	3
	PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice		5	2	3
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times		5	3	2
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice		10	5	5
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements		5	2	3
			50	22	28
	Attitude Total	50			
2. Work Management		50			l
HSS/ N 9602 (Ensure availability of medical and diagnostic supplies)	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies	50	10	10	0
	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible		10	6	4
	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible		20	10	10
	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/ individuals		10	10	0
			50	36	14
3. Attiquete					
HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and Communicate Health Information)	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals	50	4	4	0
	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics		10	0	10





PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them		10	0	10
PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual		10	10	0
PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met		4	4	0
PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality		4	4	0
PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy		4	4	0
PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction		4	4	0
		50	30	20
Work Management Total	50			

### Part 2 (Pick one field as per NOS marked carrying 50 marks)

### 1. Safety management

, ,					
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure working environment)	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace	50	6	2	4
	health safety and security requirements PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace		4	0	4
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person		4	3	1
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices		6	4	2
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority		6	4	2
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected		6	4	2
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently		6	2	4
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person		6	4	2
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately		6	2	4
			50	25	25





2. Waste Management					
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type		6	2	4
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste		8	4	4
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements		4	0	4
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste		8	4	4
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste	50	4	2	2
	PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal		4	4	0
	PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal		4	4	0
	PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks		4	4	0
	PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures		4	4	0
	PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols		4	4	0
	'		50	32	18
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor and assure quality	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis	50	6	2	4
	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly	50	8	4	4





	PC2. Explain the pathology of various syste system, respiratory system, central musculoskeletal system, GIT, GUT and repro	nervous sys	tem,		
Follow radiological diagnostic needs of patients	and position,fundamental planes, vertebrat organisation of the body cells and tissues	e structure of r	man,		12
Assessable Outcomes	Assessment Criteria for the Assessab PC1. Explain the subdivisions of anatomy		ation	Total N	Narks (80)
	Subject Domain			carrying di	ch NOS each fferent marks lling 80
	Detailed Break Up of Marks			100 Th	ieory
Grand Total-	2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	Į.	50	32	18
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately		4	4	0
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person		4	4	0
	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently		4	4	0
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected		4	4	0
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority		4	4	0
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person		4	2	2
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly		8	4	4
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry		4	0	4





	PC3. Explain the pathology of radiation injury and malignancies	
	PC4. Understand specific requests of physicians with respect to the scans required	
	PC5. Take medical history of the patient and document it as required	
	PC6. Understand and interpret instructions and requirements documented by the physician in the patient's prescription	
	PC7. Determine the radiological diagnostic tests required for the patient based on the physician's prescription and the medical history	
2.HSS/ N 0202: Prepare the patient and the room for the	PC1. Prepare the room, apparatus and instruments for an x-ray, CT scan or MRI scan	
procedure	PC2. Set up the X-ray machine, MRI machine or CT scan machine for the procedure	
	PC3. Position the patient correctly for an x-ray in the following positions:	
	a. Erect	
	b. Sitting	
	c. Supine d. Prone	
	e. Lateral	
	f. Oblique	
	g. Decubitus	
	PC4. Explain relative positions of x-ray tube and patient and	
	the relevant exposure factors related to these	10
		10
	PC5. Explain the use of accessories such as Radiographic cones, grid and positioning aids	
	PC6. Explain the anatomic and physiological basis of the procedure to be undertaken	
	PC7. Explain the radiographic appearances of both normal and common abnormal conditions where elementary knowledge of the pathology involved would ensure application of the appropriate radiographic technique	
	PC8. Position the patient correctly for a Computed Tomography scan	
	PC9. Position the patient correctly for an MRI scan	





	1	1
	PC10. Apply modifications in positioning technique for various disabilities and types of subject	
	PC11. Explain the use of contrast materials for a CT scan and how to administer them under supervision of a radiologist	
	PC12. Explain the use of MRI Contrast agents and how to administer them under supervision of a radiologist	
	PC13. Manage a patient with contrast reaction	
	PC14. Explain the principles of radiation physics detection and measurement	
	PC15. Explain the biological effects of radiation	
	PC16. Explain the principles of radiation protection: a. Maximum permissible exposure concept b. Annual dose equivalent limits (ADEL) ALARA concept c. International recommendations and current code of practice for the protection of persons against ionising radiation from medical and dental use	
	PC17.Explaintheuseofprotectivematerials:a.Lead–impregnatedsubstancesb.Lead–impregnatedsubstancesc.Buildingmaterialsd.Conceptofbarrierse.Leadequivalentsandvariationsf.Designofx-raytubesrelatedtog.Structural shielding design (work-load, use factor, occupancyfactor,distance	
	PC18. Explain the instruments of radiation protection, use of gonad shield and practical methods for reducing radiation dose to the patient	
	PC19. Ensure protection of self, patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments and monitoring personnel and the work area	-
3. HSS/ N 0203: Operate and oversee	PC1. Describe the construction and operation of general radiographic equipment	
operation of radiologic equipment	PC2. Describe the construction and operation of advanced imaging equipment including CT and MRI	
	PC3. Reliably perform all non-contrast plain Radiography, conventional contrast studies and non-contrast plain radiography in special situations	10
	PC4. Apply quality control procedures for all radiologic equipment	





	<ul> <li>PC5. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality</li> <li>PC6. Practise the procedures employed in producing a radiographic image</li> <li>PC7. Describe methods of measuring exposure and doses of radiographic beams</li> <li>PC8. Help in administration of correct contrast dosage</li> <li>PC9. Discuss and apply radiation protection principles and codes of practice</li> <li>PC10. Demonstrate an understanding of processing of images in digital form and be familiar with recent advances in imaging</li> <li>PC11. Set up the X-ray machine, MRI machine or CT scan machine for the procedure</li> <li>PC12. Carry out routine procedures associated with maintenance of imaging and processing systems</li> <li>PC13. Ensure protection of patients, departmental staff and public from radiation through use of protection instruments</li> </ul>	
4.HSS/ N 0204:	and monitoring personnel and the work area PC1. Explain the principles of radiographic imaging	
Process radiographic images	<ul> <li>PC2. Apply knowledge of radiographic imaging to the production of radiographs and the assessment of image quality</li> <li>PC3. Understand the construction and operation of image processing equipment</li> <li>PC4. Control and manipulate parameters associated with exposure and processing to produce a required image of desirable quality</li> <li>PC5. Perform X-ray film / image processing techniques (including dark roomtechniques)</li> </ul>	10
	<ul> <li>PC6. Explain and implement the fundamentals, concepts and applications of processing of images in digital form using computer based systems</li> <li>PC7. Carry out quality control for automatic film processing, evaluate and act on results</li> </ul>	
5.HSS/ N 0205: Prepare and document reports	PC1. Correctly identify anatomical features on the radiographs and identity some major pathological and traumatic conditions PC2. Seek the advice of the Radiologist on conditions identified	10
	PC3. Document the comments and diagnosis of the Radiologist in a report for the patient	10





6.HSS/ N 0206: Recognise contrast induced adverse reactions	PC1. Know the patient's medical history PC2. Select proper agent to be used	
	PC3. Promptly recognise and assess the reactions	
	PC4. Ensure immediate availability of necessary equipment and drugs in case of reaction	10
	PC5. Know the correct medications and other treatment options	
	PC6. Know the different types of adverse reactions	
	PC7. Recognise the contraindications of allergic reactions	
7. HSS/ N 9608: Follow radiation safety guidelines	PC1. Confirm sources of radiation and likely type of exposure for all individuals within the work area	
	<ul> <li>PC2. Apply appropriate assessment methodology suitable for source, type of exposure, dose, level of risk and the recipients' exposure time</li> <li>PC3. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are compliant with current and relevant legislation requirements</li> </ul>	
	PC4. Determine and assess the appropriateness of the projected radiation dose over a suitable period of time for an individual or key staff and other personnel	
	PC5. Record the results of the assessment accurately and in correct format, referencing any monitoring measurements taken to accepted published values to indicate conformance within accepted safety guidance limits for the procedures undertaken within the work practice	12
	PC6. Communicate and provide information, advice and guidance effectively in the appropriate medium to meet the individuals needs and preferences	
	PC7. Report actual and potential risks from radiation, in context, to other healthcare professionals and where appropriate seek assistance and advice	
	PC8. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, policies and protocols	





	<ul> <li>PC9. Confirm that all required procedures and associated safety measures are current and compliant with relevant legislation</li> <li>PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols</li> </ul>	
8. HSS/ N 9610 (Follow infection control policies and procedures)	<ul> <li>PC1. Preform the standard precautions to prevent the spread of infection in accordance with organisation requirements</li> <li>PC2. Preform the additional precautions when standard precautions alone may not be sufficient to prevent transmission of infection</li> <li>PC3. Minimise contamination of materials, equipment and</li> </ul>	
	instruments by aerosols and splatter PC4. Identify infection risks and implement an appropriate response within own role and responsibility	
	PC5. Document and report activities and tasks that put patients and/or other workers at risk PC6. Respond appropriately to situations that pose an infection risk in accordance with the policies and procedures of	
	the organization PC7. Follow procedures for risk control and risk containment for specific risks	
	PC8. Follow protocols for care following exposure to blood or other body fluids as required	
	PC9. Place appropriate signs when and where appropriate	6
	PC10. Remove spills in accordance with the policies and procedures of the organization	
	PC11. Maintain hand hygiene by washing hands before and after patient contact and/or after any activity likely to cause contamination	
	PC12. Follow hand washing procedures	
	PC13. Implement hand care procedures	
	PC14. Cover cuts and abrasions with water-proof dressings and change as necessary	
	PC15. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment that complies with Indian Standards, and is appropriate for the intended use	
	PC16. Change protective clothing and gowns/aprons daily, more frequently if soiled and where appropriate, after each patient contact	
	PC17. Demarcate and maintain clean and contaminated zones in all aspects of health care work	





C19. Confine contaminated instruments and equipment to a vell-designated contaminated zone C20. Wear appropriate personal protective clothing and quipment in accordance with occupational health and safety olicies and procedures when handling waste C21. Separate waste at the point where it has been enerated and dispose of into waste containers that are colour oded and identified C22. Store clinical or related waste in an area that is ccessible only to authorised persons C23. Handle, package, label, store, transport and dispose of vaste appropriately to minimise potential for contact with the vaste and to reduce the risk to the environment from ccidental release C24. Dispose of waste safely in accordance with policies and rocedures of the organisation and legislative requirements C25. Wear personal protective clothing and equipment uring cleaning procedures C26. Remove all dust, dirt and physical debris from work urfaces	
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urfaces	
C27. Clean all work surfaces with a neutral detergent and varm water solution before and after each session or when isibly soiled	
C28. Decontaminate equipment requiring special processing a accordance with quality management systems to ensure full ompliance with cleaning, disinfection and sterilisation rotocols	
C29. Dry all work surfaces before and after use	
C30. Replace surface covers where applicable	
C31. Maintain and store cleaning equipment Grand Total-1 (Subject Domain)	

	Soft Skills and Communication	Select each part each carrying 10 marks totalling 20
National Occupational Standards (NOS)	Performance Criteria (PC)	Total Marks (20)

Part 1 (Pick one field randomly carrying 50 marks)





1. Attitude		
HSS/ N 9603 (Act within the limits of	PC1. Adhere to legislation, protocols and guidelines relevant to one's role and field of practice	
one's competence and authority)	PC2. Work within organisational systems and requirements as appropriate to one's role	
	PC3. Recognise the boundary of one's role and responsibility and seek supervision when situations are beyond one's competence and authority PC4. Maintain competence within one's role and field of	
	practice PC5. Use relevant research based protocols and guidelines as evidence to inform one's practice	3
	PC6. Promote and demonstrate good practice as an individual and as a team member at all times	
	PC7. Identify and manage potential and actual risks to the quality and safety of practice	
	PC8. Evaluate and reflect on the quality of one's work and make continuing improvements	
	Total	
2. Work Management		
HSS/ N 9602 (Ensure availability of medical	PC1. Maintain adequate supplies of medical and diagnostic supplies	
and diagnostic	PC2. Arrive at actual demand as accurately as possible	
supplies)	PC3. Anticipate future demand based on internal, external and other contributing factors as accurately as possible	4
	PC4. Handle situations of stock-outs or unavailability of stocks without compromising health needs of patients/ individuals	
	Total	
<b>3. Attiquete</b> HSS/ N 9601 (Collate and Communicate	PC1. Respond to queries and information needs of all individuals	
Health Information)	PC2. Communicate effectively with all individuals regardless of age, caste, gender, community or other characteristics	
	PC3. Communicate with individuals at a pace and level fitting their understanding, without using terminology unfamiliar to them	
	PC4. Utilise all training and information at one's disposal to provide relevant information to the individual	3
	PC5. Confirm that the needs of the individual have been met	
	PC6. Adhere to guidelines provided by one's organisation or regulatory body relating to confidentiality	
	PC7. Respect the individual's need for privacy PC8. Maintain any records required at the end of the interaction	





	Total	
	Part 1 Total	
Part 2 (Pick one field as	per NOS marked carrying 50 marks)	
1. Team Work (Evaluate	e with NOS: HSS/N/0304, 0305, 0306, 0307)	
2. Safety management	(Evaluate with NOS: HSS/N/0301, 0302, 0303, 0409, 9610)	
HSS/ N 9606 (Maintain a safe, healthy, and secure	PC1. Identify individual responsibilities in relation to maintaining workplace health safety and security requirements	
working environment)	PC2. Comply with health, safety and security procedures for the workplace	
	PC3. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	
	PC4. Identify potential hazards and breaches of safe work practices	
	PC5. Correct any hazards that individual can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of authority	3
	PC6. Promptly and accurately report the hazards that individual is not allowed to deal with, to the relevant person and warn other people who may get affected	
	PC7. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently	
	PC8. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	
	PC9. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	
	Total	
3. Waste Management	(Evaluate with NOS: HSS/N/5105, 5108, 5114, 5115)	
HSS/ N 9609 (Follow biomedical waste disposal protocols)	PC1. Follow the appropriate procedures, policies and protocols for the method of collection and containment level according to the waste type	
	PC2. Apply appropriate health and safety measures and standard precautions for infection prevention and control and personal protective equipment relevant to the type and category of waste	_
	PC3. Segregate the waste material from work areas in line with current legislation and organisational requirements	4
	PC4. Segregation should happen at source with proper containment, by using different colour coded bins for different categories of waste	
	PC5. Check the accuracy of the labelling that identifies the type and content of waste	





	<ul> <li>PC6. Confirm suitability of containers for any required course of action appropriate to the type of waste disposal</li> <li>PC7. Check the waste has undergone the required processes to make it safe for transport and disposal</li> <li>PC8. Transport the waste to the disposal site, taking into consideration its associated risks</li> <li>PC9. Report and deal with spillages and contamination in accordance with current legislation and procedures</li> <li>PC10. Maintain full, accurate and legible records of information and store in correct location in line with current legislation, guidelines, local policies and protocols</li> </ul>	
	Total	
4. Quality Assurance		
HSS/ N 9611: Monitor	PC1. Conduct appropriate research and analysis	
and assure quality	PC2. Evaluate potential solutions thoroughly	
	PC3. Participate in education programs which include current techniques, technology and trends pertaining to the dental industry	
	PC4. Read Dental hygiene, dental and medical publications related to quality consistently and thoroughly	
	PC5. Report any identified breaches in health, safety, and security procedures to the designated person	
	PC6. Identify and correct any hazards that he/she can deal with safely, competently and within the limits of his/her authority	3
	PC7. Promptly and accurately report any hazards that he/she is not allowed to deal with to the relevant person and warn other people who may be affected	
	PC8. Follow the organisation's emergency procedures promptly, calmly, and efficiently	
	PC9. Identify and recommend opportunities for improving health, safety, and security to the designated person	
	PC10. Complete any health and safety records legibly and accurately	
Part 2 Total	10	
Grand Total-2 (Soft Skills and Comunication)	20	20

## <u>Annexure2: Trainer Prerequisites for Job role: "Radiology Technician" mapped to Qualification Pack: "HSS/Q0201, version 1.0"</u>

Sr. No.	Area	Details
1	Description	To deliver accredited training service, mapping to the curriculum detailed above, in accordance with the Qualification Pack <u>"HSS/Q0201"</u> .
2	Personal Attributes	Aptitude for conducting training, and pre/ post work to ensure competent, employable candidates at the end of the training. Strong communication skills, interpersonal skills, ability to work as part of a team; a passion for quality and for developing others; well-organised and focused, eager to learn and keep oneself updated with the latest in the mentioned field.
3	Minimum Educational Qualifications	<ul> <li>MBBS doctor with one year experience in Radiology department</li> <li>or</li> <li>B.Sc. in Radiology with two years' experience</li> </ul>
4a	Domain Certification	Certified for Job Role: " <u>Radiology Technician</u> " mapped to QP: <u>"HSS/Q0201" version 1.0</u> . with scoring of minimum 80%.
4b	Platform Certification	Recommended that the Trainer is certified for the Job Role: "Trainer", mapped to the Qualification Pack: "SSC/1402" with scoring of minimum 80%.
5	Experience	<ul> <li>Experience in teaching Radiology Technician course (HSS/Q0201, version 1.0)</li> <li>5 years of experience for Level 4 certified Radiology Technician (HSS/Q0201, version 1.0)</li> </ul>









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